



800-656-7625

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Certificate of Analysis

Product: Affinity Purified Anti-mTOR (Rabbit)

Code: 600-401-897

Lot #: 18342

Size: 100 µg

Physical State: Liquid (sterile filtered)

Antibody Concentration: 0.40 mg/ml (by UV absorbance at 280 nm)

Buffer: 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2

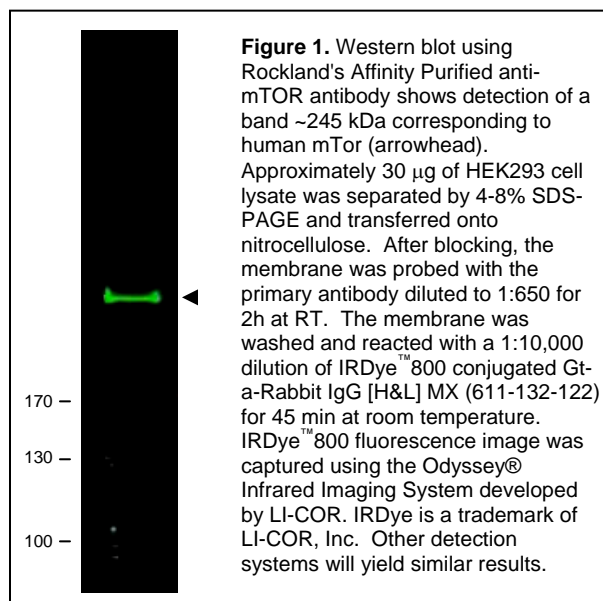
Stabilizer: None

Preservative: 0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

Storage Conditions: Store vial at -20° C prior to opening. Dilute only prior to immediate use. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Expiration date is one (1) year from date of opening.

Background Information: Mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) is a serine and threonine protein kinase that regulates numerous cellular functions, in particular, the initiation of protein translation. Rapamycin is a natural product macrolide that induces G₁ growth arrest in yeast, *Drosophila*, and mammalian cells. mTOR has a long list of synonyms including FK506 binding protein12 - rapamycin associated protein 1, FK506 binding protein12 - rapamycin associated protein 2, FRAP1, FRAP2, RAFT1, RAPT1 and/or FKBP12-rapamycin associated protein (FRAP). mTOR is one of a family of proteins involved in cell cycle progression, DNA recombination, and DNA damage detection. In rat, mTOR is a 245-kD protein referred to as RAFT1 with significant homology to the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* protein TOR1 and has been shown to associate with the immunophilin FKBP12 in a rapamycin-dependent fashion. The FKBP12-rapamycin complex is known to inhibit progression through the G₁ cell cycle stage by interfering with mitogenic signaling pathways involved in G₁ progression in several cell types, as well as in yeast. The binding of mTOR to FKBP12-rapamycin correlates with the ability of these ligands to inhibit cell cycle progression.

Application Note(s): This affinity purified antibody is suitable for use in ELISA and western blotting. ELISA data demonstrate reactivity against both phosphorylated and non-phosphorylated mTOR at S2448 and western blotting shows a band at approximately 250 kDa. Reactivity in other immunoassays is unknown.



Recommended Dilutions:

ELISA

1:4,000 - 1:20,000

WESTERN BLOT

1:250 - 1:2,000

IF MICROSCOPY

User Optimized

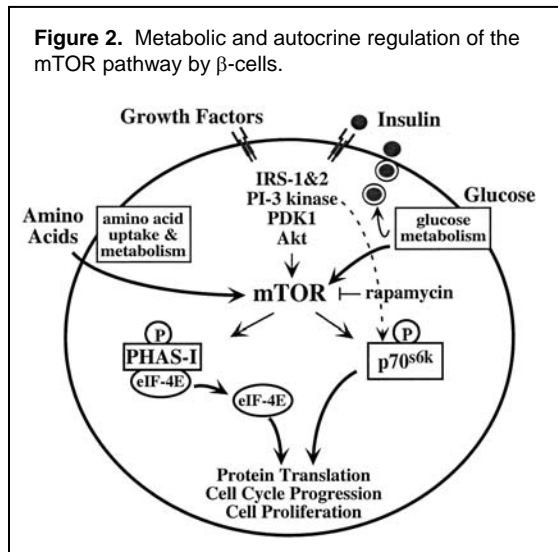
OTHER APPLICATIONS

User Optimized

Purity and Specificity: This is an affinity purified antibody produced by immunoaffinity chromatography using the immunizing peptide after immobilization to a solid phase. Reactivity occurs with both phosphorylated and non-phosphorylated forms of mTOR at S2448 from human derived tissues and cells. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest cross reactivity with mTOR protein from rat and mouse based on 100% homology with the immunizing sequence. Expect partial reactivity against mTOR homologues from zebrafish (94%) and dog (89%). Reactivity against homologues from other sources is not known.

Immunogen: This affinity purified antibody was prepared from whole rabbit serum produced by repeated immunizations with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 2440-2457 of human mTOR.

Relevant Links:

NCBI [P42345](#)Swiss-Prot [P42345](#)

General References:

Kristof, A.S. et al. (2003) Stimulation of signal transducer and activator of transcription-1 (STAT1)-dependent gene transcription by lipopolysaccharide and interferon-gamma is regulated by mammalian target of rapamycin. *J. Biol. Chem.* **278** (36), 33637-33644.

Chen, Y., et al. (2003) Phospholipase D confers rapamycin resistance in human breast cancer cells. *Oncogene* **22** (25), 3937-3942.

Nojima, H. et al. (2003) The mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) partner, raptor, binds the mTOR substrates p70 S6 kinase and 4E-BP1 through their TOR signaling (TOS) motif. *J. Biol. Chem.* **278** (18), 15461-15464.

McMahon, L.P. et al. (2002) The rapamycin-binding domain governs substrate selectivity by the mammalian target of rapamycin. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* **22** (21), 7428-7438.

Hudson, C.C. et al. (2002) Regulation of hypoxia-inducible factor 1 α expression and function by the mammalian target of rapamycin. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* **22** (20), 7004-7014.

Choi, J.H. et al. (2002) The FKBP12-rapamycin-associated protein (FRAP) is a CLIP-170 kinase. *EMBO Rep.* **3** (10), 988-994.

Protein Sequence: Human lymphoma (truncated) mTOR, 2549 aa, predicted MW 288.8 kDa

2041	ernvkgmfef	leplhammer	gpqtlketsf	nqaygrdlme	aqewcrkymk	sgnvkdltqa
2101	wdlyyhvfr	iskqlpqlls	lelqyvspkl	lmcrdlelav	pgtydpnqpi	iriqsiapsl
2161	qvitskqrpr	kltlmgsngh	efvllkghe	dlrqdervmq	lfglvntlla	ndptslrknl
2221	stqryavipl	stnsgligvw	phcdtlhali	rdyrekakil	lniehrimlr	mapdydhltl
2281	mqkvfvfeha	vnntagddla	klwlkspss	evwfdrrtny	trslavmsmv	gyilglgdrh
2341	psnlmldrls	gkilhidfgd	cfevamtrek	fpekipfrlt	rmltnamevt	gldgnyritc
2401	htvmevlreh	kds mavlea	fvydplnwr	lmdtntkgnk	rsrtrdsys	agqsveildg
2461	velgepahkk	tgttvpesih	sfigdglvqp	ealnkkaiqi	inrvrdkltg	rdfshddtld
2521	vptqvellik	qatshenlcq	cyigwcpfw			

Related Products:

#W09-000-365	293 Whole Cell Lysate in SDS-PAGE Sample Buffer
#611-703-127	Peroxidase Conjugated Affinity Purified Anti-RABBIT IgG (H&L) (DONKEY) MX10
#611-132-122	IRDye800 Conjugated Affinity Purified Anti-RABBIT IgG (H&L) (GOAT) MX10
#MB-070	Blocking Buffer for Fluorescent Western Blotting
#KIA-003	MaxTag TM Anti-RABBIT IgG Kit for Immunoblotting
#MB-070	Blocking Buffer for Fluorescent Western Blotting

USDA Certification: All products of animal origin manufactured by Rockland Immunochemicals are derived from starting materials of North American origin. Collection was performed in United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) inspected facilities and all materials have been inspected and certified to be free of disease and suitable for exportation.

Note: This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications. Please contact a technical service representative for more information.